



Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2026 and 2025

(Unaudited and stated in thousands of United States dollars,
except where otherwise stated)

Notice to Reader

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements; they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor. The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared by management and approved by the Audit Committee and Board of Directors of the Company. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with the standards established by Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

Minera Alamos Inc.
Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position
(Unaudited - Stated in thousands of United States dollars)

	Notes	March 31, 2026 \$	Restated December 31, 2025 \$	Restated January 1, 2025 \$
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		45,532	43,962	8,585
Restricted cash		46	50	23
Receivables, prepaids and other current assets		4,018	4,602	3,326
Inventories	13	77,867	81,445	7,523
Total current assets		127,463	130,059	19,457
Mineral properties, property, plant and equipment	15	112,272	107,369	14,276
Long term deposits	12	6,068	6,117	-
Other assets		1,620	1,077	892
Total assets		247,423	244,622	34,625
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		15,200	28,278	3,715
Current portion of lease payable	16	52	72	73
Deferred revenue	11	7,734	8,630	1,359
Current portion of debt	17a	15,579	11,367	2,987
Total current liabilities		38,565	48,347	8,134
Long term debt	17a	10,071	13,938	1,529
Lease payable	16	-	-	72
Provision for asset retirement obligation	21	18,523	18,333	489
Long term deferred revenue	17b	6,799	6,566	-
Deferred tax liability		15,557	15,299	-
Total liabilities		89,515	102,483	10,224
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	18	229,820	225,551	93,370
Contributed surplus		3,553	3,428	3,074
Options and warrant reserve	19,20	20,145	20,166	1,263
Cumulative translation adjustment		(2,902)	(3,438)	(238)
Deficit		(92,708)	(103,568)	(73,068)
Total shareholders' equity		157,908	142,139	24,401
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		247,423	244,622	34,625
Basis of Presentation – Note 2				
Commitments and contingencies - Note 26				
Subsequent Events – Note 29				

Approved by the Board:

Signed: "Bruce Durham"

Signed: "Darren Koningen"

Director

Director

Please see accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

Minera Alamos Inc.**Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Earnings (Loss) and Comprehensive Earnings (Loss)****Three Months Ended March 31, 2026 and 2025****(Unaudited - Stated in thousands of United States dollars, except share and per share amounts)**

		For the three months ended	
	Notes	March 31, 2026 \$	Restated March 31, 2025 \$
Revenues	5	39,192	2,420
Cost of sales:			
Production costs	6	16,644	1,797
Royalty and production taxes		1,846	-
Depreciation and amortization		1,238	61
Total cost of sales		19,728	1,858
Earnings from mine operations		19,464	562
Expenses:			
General and administrative	7	(1,193)	(1,058)
Exploration	8,14	(1,846)	(21,947)
Share-based compensation expense	20	(1,131)	(951)
Foreign exchange gain		138	1,277
Other expenses	9	(26)	(524)
Operating income (loss)		15,405	(22,641)
Finance expense	10	(1,285)	(356)
Change in fair value of investments		141	-
Income (loss) before taxes		14,261	(22,997)
Current tax expense		(1,012)	-
Deferred tax expense		(2,389)	-
Net earnings (loss) for the period		10,860	(22,997)
Foreign currency translation income (loss)		536	(338)
Net earnings (loss) and comprehensive earnings (loss) for the period		11,396	(23,335)
Net earnings (loss) per share:			
Basic and diluted		0.10	(0.043)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:			
Basic and diluted		108,329,741	54,565,104

Please see accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

Minera Alamos Inc.
Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
Three Months Ended March 31, 2026 and 2025
(Unaudited - Stated in thousands of United States Dollars except share amounts)

	Notes	Share Capital		Contributed Surplus	Equity Reserve	Foreign Currency Translation	Deficit	Total Equity	
		Number of Shares	Amount						
Balance, December 31, 2024		49,901,685	93,370	3,074	1,263	(238)	(73,068)	24,401	
Shares issued on acquisition of Sabre	18	7,649,911	18,160	-	99	-	-	18,259	
Shares issued for debt	18	190,165	391	-	-	-	-	391	
Options issued		-	-	-	974	-	-	974	
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	-	(338)	(22,997)	(23,335)	
Balance, March 31, 2025		57,741,761	111,921	3,074	2,336	-	576	96,065	20,690
Balance, December 31, 2025		108,044,074	225,551	3,428	20,166	-	3,438	103,568	142,139
Shares issued on exercise of options and warrants	18,19	1,010,000	4,269	-	(1,027)	-	-	3,242	
Options issued		-	-	-	1,131	-	-	1,131	
Options forfeited		-	-	125	(125)	-	-	0	
Net income for the period		-	-	-	-	536	10,860	11,396	
Balance, March 31, 2026		109,054,074	229,820	3,553	20,145	-	2,902	92,708	157,908

The share numbers have been adjusted retroactively to reflect a consolidation of the Company's common shares on a one new share for ten old shares basis effective January 5, 2026.

Please see accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

Minera Alamos Inc.
Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
Three Months Ended March 31, 2026 and 2025
(Unaudited - Stated in thousands of United States Dollars)

		Three months ended March 31,	
		2026	Restated
	Notes	\$	2025
			\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net earnings (loss) for the period		10,859	(22,997)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash flows:			
Non-cash adjustments:			
Depreciation and depletion	15	1,238	61
Accretion		1,442	390
Interest on lease liability		1	2
Current tax		1,012	-
Deferred tax		2,389	-
Exploration and evaluation acquired through issuance of shares			21,811
Marketable securities revaluation		(141)	-
Share-based compensation expense		1,131	986
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)		(3,308)	(1,370)
		14,623	(1,117)
Working capital changes in non-cash operating activities		(12,069)	(1,639)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		2,554	(2,756)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisition of property plant and equipment		(5,288)	(146)
Long term deposits	12	-	(1)
Cash acquired on acquisition of Sabre Gold Mines		-	12
Cash advanced as part of acquisition of Sabre Gold Mines			(179)
Net cash used in investing activities		(5,288)	(315)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Issuance of common shares on exercise of options and warrants	18	4,266	-
Lease payments	16	(16)	(19)
Exercise of options			
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		4,250	(19)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange		54	(15)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,570	(3,106)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		43,962	8,180
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		45,532	5,074
Supplemental information:			
Interest paid		-	186
Shares issued for debt		-	391
Property plant and equipment acquired through issuance of shares		-	6,197

Please see accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

1) NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Minera Alamos Inc. (the “Company”), individually or collectively with its subsidiaries located in the United States and Mexico is a gold mining and mine development Company. In the United States, the Company owns the Pan Operating Complex, consisting of the Pan Mine, a gold producing heap leach operation, including the satellite permitted, development-stage Gold Rock Project and the past-producing Illipah Gold Project, all located in Nevada, and the Copperstone Mine, a permitted advanced gold underground development project, located in Arizona. The Company owns the Copperstone project through its acquired subsidiaries Sabre Gold Mines and its subsidiaries, American Bonanza Gold Corp. and Bonanza Explorations Inc. These consolidated financial statements also include the accounts of the Company’s Mexican subsidiaries: Minera Alamos de Sonora S.A. de C.V., Molibdeno Los Verdes S.A. de C.V., Minera Mirlos, S. de R.L. de C.V., and Corex Global S de RL de SV together with its wholly owned subsidiary.

The Company’s head office is located at 55 York Street, Suite 402, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5J 1R7.

2) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

a) Basis of Presentation and Statement of Compliance

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IFRS Accounting Standards) applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting. These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

The material accounting policies and basis of presentation applied in the preparation of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are consistent with those applied and disclosed in the Company’s audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025, unless otherwise noted. Comparative information has been presented for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and has been reclassified where necessary to conform to the current year’s presentation.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on May 22, 2026.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

b) Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Company is exposed to variable returns and has the ability to affect those returns through power to direct the relevant activities associated with those returns. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Company. Subsidiaries will be de-consolidated from the date that control ceases to exist. The Company’s subsidiaries’ names, percentage ownership, and principal activities are presented below. As at March 31, 2026, the consolidated financial statements include the following principal subsidiaries.

2) BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

b) Basis of Consolidation (continued)

Material subsidiaries	Ownership	Principal activity
Calibre USA Holdings and subsidiaries (USA)	100%	Production and development – Pan operating complex (Nevada)
Sabre Gold Mines Corp. and subsidiaries (USA)	100%	Development – Copperstone project (Arizona)
Minera Alamos de Sonora S.A. de C.V.(Mexico)	100%	Exploration
Molibdeno Los Verdes S.A. de C.V (Mexico)	100%	Exploration
Minera Mirlos, S. de R.L. (Mexico)	100%	Exploration
Corex Global, S. de R.L. de C.V. (Mexico)	100%	Development – Santana project

The Company had no material associates or joint ventures as at March 31, 2026.

Presentation Currency

The Company has elected to change the presentation currency from Canadian dollars to United States dollars (“USD”). The change in presentation currency is a voluntary change which is accounted for retrospectively. The comparative periods have been restated to USD using the procedures outlined below:

1. Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss and Statement of Cash Flows have been translated into USD using average foreign currency rates for the relevant periods.
2. Assets and liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position have been translated into USD at the closing currency rates on the relevant reporting dates.
3. The equity section of the Statement of Financial Position, including foreign currency translation reserve, deficit, share capital and reserves, have been translated into USD using historical rates.
4. Earnings per share has also been restated to USD to reflect the change in presentation currency.
5. Translation differences are recorded in Other comprehensive income (loss) as currency translation adjustments.

In making this change in presentation currency, the Company followed the requirements set out in IAS 21, - The Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rates (“IAS 21”). In accordance with IAS 21, comparative financial information has been retroactively restated to reflect the Company’s results as if they had been historically presented in USD (see Note 28).

Functional Currency

The functional currency of the Company’s Canadian parent company is the Canadian dollar. The functional currencies of the Company’s foreign subsidiaries are primarily the United States dollar and the Mexican peso (“MXN”), reflecting the primary economic environments in which they operate.

3) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025. The Company's significant accounting policies are presented under Note 3 in the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2025 and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

a) Deferred revenue on stream arrangement

Deferred revenue arises from up-front payments received by the Company or obligations acquired in consideration for future commitments as specified in its various streaming arrangements. The accounting for streaming arrangements is dependent on the facts and terms of each of the arrangements. Revenue from streaming arrangement is recognized when the customer obtains control of the gold metal and the Company has satisfied its performance obligations.

The Company identified significant financing components related to its streaming arrangements resulting from a difference in the timing of the up-front consideration received and delivery of the promised goods.

b) Foreign Currencies

Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations

Transactions denominated in currencies other than an entity's functional currency are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the closing exchange rates at the reporting date. Foreign exchange gains and losses arising on settlement and on translation of monetary items are recognized in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions and are not subsequently retranslated. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

The results and financial position of entities whose functional currency differs from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency in accordance with IAS 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at the closing exchange rates at the reporting date;
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period, unless such rates are not a reasonable approximation of the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions, in which case the actual rates are used;
- 28 items are translated at historical exchange rates; and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as a foreign currency translation reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entities are recognized in OCI. The exchange gains and losses are recognized in earnings upon the substantial disposition, liquidation or dissolution of the entity that gave rise to such amounts.

4) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The Company makes estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated based on the historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

In preparing these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements, the significant judgements and estimates made by management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2025.

5) REVENUE

Description	Three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Gold revenue	39,192	2,420

During the three month period ended March 31, 2026, the Company recognized revenue of \$39,192, from the delivery of 9,134 ounces of gold, from the US operation at an average realized gold price of \$4,287 per ounce. During the three month period ended March 31, 2025, the Company realized revenue of \$2,420 from the delivery of 1,014 ounces of gold from the Mexican operation at an average realized gold price of \$2,386.

6) PRODUCTION COSTS

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Raw material and consumables	4,439	568
Salaries and employee benefits	2,238	108
Contracted services	5,705	935
Electricity and power	184	156
Site administration and other	1,393	3
Refining and transportation	52	27
Change in inventories	2,632	-
	16,644	1,797

7) GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Salaries, wages and benefits	358	249
Consulting and professional fees	305	470
Corporate administration and other	530	339
	1,193	1,058

8) EXPLORATION EXPENSES

	Three months ended March 31	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Exploration costs expensed on acquisition of Sabre Gold Mines	-	21,811
Exploration expenses	1,846	136
	1,846	21,947

9) OTHER EXPENSES

	Three months ended March 31	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Acquisition costs	-	524
Other expenses	26	-
	26	524

10) FINANCE EXPENSES

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Accretion of mine restoration provision	173	24
Accretion on loan facility	1,017	366
Accretion on deferred revenue stream	252	-
Interest income and other finance costs, net	(157)	(34)
	1,285	356

11) DEFERRED REVENUE

As at March 31, 2026, the Company had received payments that were recorded as deferred revenue of \$7,734 (December 31, 2025 – \$8,630) in respect of gold sales for which control had not yet transferred to customers. These amounts are recognized as deferred revenue and are included in current liabilities. Revenue is recognized when the related performance obligations are satisfied in accordance with the Company's revenue recognition policy.

12) LONG TERM DEPOSITS

As at March 31, 2026, the Company's long term deposits were \$6,068 (December 31, 2025 - \$6,117) and relate to reclamation deposits that serve as security against any current and future estimated reclamation obligations with the Pan mine, Gold Rock project, Copperstone project and the Santana project.

13) INVENTORIES

As at March 31, 2026, the Company received payments that were recorded as deferred revenue of \$7,734 (December 31, 2025 - \$8,630) in exchange for the sale of gold which had been extracted from the leach pads and was undergoing further refinement. The gross proceeds are recorded as deferred revenue until the gold has been recovered through the separation and refinement process and then delivered, in full, to the customer. The carrying value of the related inventory included in work-in-process at March 31, 2026 was \$1,685 (December 31, 2025 – \$1,145). Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with IAS 2 Inventories.

The composition of inventories was as follows:

Inventory:	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
	\$	\$
Leach pad mineralized material	74,583	78,865
Work-in-process	1,685	1,145
Supplies	1,599	1,435
Total	77,867	81,445

The amount of cost of sales expensed from inventory for gold dore ore on leach pads and ore stockpiles was \$13,095 during the three month period ended March 31, 2026 (March 31, 2025 - \$1,477).

14) MINERAL PROPERTIES AND EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENSE EXPENDITURE

During the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, the Company incurred exploration and evaluation expenditures in respect of its mineral properties.

Exploration and evaluation expenditures expensed during the periods were as follows:

Project (i)	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
	\$	\$
Pan and Gold Rock, Nevada	760	-
Copperstone, Arizona ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	581	21,582
Santana, Mexico	1	10
Cerro de Oro, Mexico (ii)	239	198
La Fortuna, Mexico	170	100
Los Verdes, Mexico	95	57
Total	1,846	21,947

- (i) The amounts above include property holding costs and other site-related expenditures.
- (iii) Upon the acquisition of Sabre Gold Mines in February 2025, the Company recorded US\$21,811 in Exploration expenditures that were expensed in accordance with the Company's policy.

15) MINERAL PROPERTIES AND PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Pan Operating Complex

Pan Mine, Nevada, US

The 100% owned Pan mine was acquired through the Company's acquisition of Calibre from Equinox on October 1, 2025. The mine is located in east-central Nevada along the Battle Mountain-Eureka gold trend, from where gold is mined from and is an open pit, heap-leach operation.

Gold Rock Project, Nevada, US

The 100% owned Gold Rock project was acquired through the Company's acquisition of Calibre from Equinox on October 1, 2025. The project is located in east central Nevada along the Battle Mountain-Eureka gold trend and is a former open-pit, heap-leach gold project.

Illipah Gold Project, Nevada, US

The 100% owned Illipah Gold project was acquired through the Company's acquisition of Calibre from Equinox on October 1, 2025. The past producing project is located in east-central Nevada approximately 16 miles northeast of the Pan Operating Complex along the Battle Mountain-Eureka gold trend.

Copperstone Project, Arizona, US

The 100% owned Copperstone project, located in La Paz County, Arizona, U.S., is a brownfield underground gold project. The Copperstone Project, which encompasses mineral rights related to certain federal unpatented mining claims, was acquired with the acquisition of Sabre.

Santana Project – Sonora, Mexico

The 100% owned Santana project is located in the State of Sonora, Mexico and is comprised of contiguous mining concessions, including the Santana, Santa Lucia, and Hilda 35 Fracción 1 concessions. The Hilda 35 Fracción 1 concession is subject to a 1% net smelter return royalty.

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company continued infrastructure support activities. The Company suspended mining activities in 2025 while it awaits permit amendment approvals.

Cerro de Oro Project – Zacatecas, Mexico

The 100% owned Cerro de Oro project is located near Concepción del Oro in the State of Zacatecas, Mexico and is held through a wholly owned subsidiary. The Company acquired a 100% interest in the project pursuant to option agreements entered into in September 2020, which provided for staged cash payments and share issuances. The final earn-in payment was completed in 2024, and, as at December 31, 2025, the Company holds a 100% interest in the project with no underlying royalties. Under the option agreements, an additional contingent payment of US\$1,000 is payable upon the production of 50,000 ounces of gold from the project. As the triggering event had not occurred as at March 31, 2026, no liability has been recognized in respect of this obligation.

La Fortuna Project – Durango, Mexico

The 100% owned La Fortuna project is located in the State of Durango, Mexico and is held through a wholly owned subsidiary.

Los Verdes Project – Sonora, Mexico

The 100% owned Los Verdes project is a molybdenum-copper property located in the State of Sonora, Mexico and is held through a wholly owned subsidiary. Certain claims within the project area are subject to a 2% net smelter returns royalty. The Company also holds interests in the adjacent Potreritos concessions, which form part of the broader Los Verdes mineral system.

15) MINERAL PROPERTIES AND PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Cobre 4H – Sonora, Mexico

In 2024, the Company entered into a merger agreement with Minera Gold Copper de Sonora, S.DE R.L. de CC (“Minera Gold Copper”), an unrelated third party to form a joint share ownership through Cobre 4H de Sonora de Mexico, pursuant to which ownership is held 50% by each party.

The joint operation is intended to hold certain copper exploration properties contributed by both parties. As at March 31, 2026, the transfer of certain mineral property interests had been substantially completed.

Mineral properties and property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation, depletion, and accumulated impairment losses.

Mineral properties include capitalized development expenditures and assets under construction that are not yet available for use. Property, plant and equipment include mining, processing, office, and site infrastructure assets, vehicles, and right-of-use assets.

Depreciation and depletion are calculated in accordance with the Company’s accounting policies and are recognized in cost of sales and operating expenses, as applicable. Depletion of mineral properties is calculated using the units of production method based on proven and probable mineral reserves.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter of their estimated useful lives and lease terms.

Cost	Mineral Interest	Property, Plant and Equipment	Right of Use Building (i)	Total
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 14,380	\$ 1,355	\$ 539	\$ 16,275
Additions (disposals)	4,586	120	-	4,706
Assets acquired upon acquisition of Calibre USA Holdings	63,252	22,255	-	85,507
Assets acquired upon acquisition of Sabre Gold Mines	-	6,488	-	6,488
Effect of changes in foreign exchange	(1,131)	(603)	-	(1,734)
Balance at December 31, 2025	81,087	29,615	539	111,242
Additions (disposals)	4,080	1,087	-	5,167
Disposal	-	(122)	-	(122)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange	2,576	940	(9)	3,507
Balance at March 31, 2026	87,743	31,520	530	119,794
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance at December 31, 2024	1,575	593	570	2,738
Depreciation and depletion	1,614	77	65	1,756
Effect of changes in foreign exchange	75	43	-	118
Balance at December 31, 2025	2,838	553	481	3,873
Depreciation and depletion	2,725	1,085	16	3,826
Disposal	-	(87)	-	(87)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange	(66)	(13)	(11)	(90)
Balance at March 31, 2026	\$ 5,497	\$ 1,538	\$ 486	\$ 7,522
Carrying amounts				
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 13,231	\$ 922	\$ 123	\$ 14,276
Balance at December 31, 2025	\$ 78,250	\$ 29,062	\$ 58	\$ 107,369
Balance at March 31, 2026	\$ 82,246	\$ 29,982	\$ 45	\$ 112,272

i) Depreciation related to right-of-use assets is included in office and administration expenses.

As at March 31, 2026, the Company has recorded deferred stripping costs of \$4,080

Mineral properties include assets under construction and development expenditures that are not yet available for use totaling \$6,488.

16) LEASES

The Company leases office and site facilities and certain equipment under non-cancellable operating lease arrangements. Lease liabilities are recognized in accordance with IFRS 16 Leases and are measured at the present value of future lease payments discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

The following table presents the contractual undiscounted cash flows related to lease liabilities:

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
	\$	\$
Less than one year		
Remaining life	-	102
Total undiscounted lease liabilities	102	214
Effect of discounting	(3)	(15)
Present value of lease payments	99	199
Less: current portion	(52)	(100)
Non-current portion	-	99

The following table summarizes the movement in lease liabilities during the year:

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of year	72	145
Interest accretion	1	9
Lease payments	(21)	(82)
Balance, end of year	52	72

17) DEBT

As at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Company's debt obligations comprised of a gold prepay loan secured against the Nevada assets and a deferred revenue stream arrangement secured against the Copperstone assets. As at December 31, 2025 the Company's debt obligation reflects a loan facility that was repaid effective October 1, 2025. All borrowings are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

The carrying amounts of the Company's debt obligations were as follows:

	Gold Prepay (a)	Loan Facility (b)
	\$	\$
Balance, December 31, 2024		4,517
Debt proceeds	24,966	-
Transaction costs	(670)	-
Interest and accretion	976	1,211
Effect of foreign exchange	33	(647)
Repayment	-	(5,081)
Balance, December 31, 2025	25,305	-
Interest and accretion	1,018	
Effect of foreign exchange	(673)	
Balance, March 31, 2026	25,650	
Current portion of debt	15,579	
Long term portion of debt	10,071	

17) DEBT (CONTINUED)

a) Gold prepay (Nevada assets)

On October 1, 2025, the Company entered into a gold prepay loan agreement with Auramet International, Inc. for gross proceeds of \$25,000. The facility is secured by the Nevada assets and is repayable through the delivery of approximately 7,830 ounces of gold over an 18-month period following a six-month grace period commencing on April 30, 2026. The Company has assessed that the agreement qualifies as revenue arrangement based on the own-use exemption and, as such revenue has been deferred and is recognized upon delivery of the gold ounces. The facility is measured at amortized cost and accrues interest at a rate of 15% per annum. Management expects that the gold prepay agreement will be settled through future production and, as such, it meets the own-use exception and falls outside the scope of IFRS 9 - "Financial Instruments". As a result, this agreement has been accounted for in accordance with IFRS 15 - "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".

b) Loan Facility

On October 30, 2023, the Company executed the documentation on a funding package for the Cerro de Oro project with Auramet International Inc. and Auramet Capital Partners LP ("Auramet"). The funding package was comprised of a loan facility for up to \$15,000 and a \$10,000 royalty facility for a 2.75% Net Smelter Royalty ("NSR"). Upon the execution of the documentation the Company completed a drawdown of an initial \$5,000 under the loan facility. The outstanding principal amount drawn under the loan facility accrued interest and was payable monthly at a rate of 15% per annum calculated in arrears. On October 30, 2024 and November 29, 2024, the Company and Auramet amended the loan facility to extend the term of the maturity date from October 30, 2024 to May 29, 2025 with the Company committing to paying Auramet an extension fee of \$400. In January 2025, the extension amount of \$400 was settled with the issuance of 190,165 common shares of the Company, which as at December 31, 2024 was included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

As at December 31, 2024, the balance of the debt was \$4,517. The Company did not execute on the remainder of the funding package and, subsequent to the receipt of the funds from the gold prepay loan agreement on October 1, 2025, repaid the outstanding balance of the debt of \$5,081.

c) Deferred revenue on Stream Arrangement

The Company recorded a deferred revenue long term liability of \$8,409 upon the acquisition of Sabre which had entered into a Gold Purchase Sale Agreement with Star Royalties ("the GPSA") in November 2020. On October 31, 2023, the GPSA was amended to fix the gold entitlement at 4% of the payable gold ounces produced for the life of mine. On February 6, 2025, the GPSA was restated and amended to reflect the acquisition by the Company. The Company granted to Star security over the Sabre shares issued by it in addition to the security interests held currently over substantially all of Sabre's assets. Management expects that the GPSA will be settled through future production and, as such, it meets the own-use exception and falls outside the scope of IFRS 9 - "Financial Instruments". As a result, this Stream liability has been accounted for in accordance with IFRS 15 - "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".

17) DEBT (CONTINUED)

The movements in the Company's deferred revenue are presented below:

	\$
Balance, February 6, 2025 on acquisition of Sabre	6,135
Accretion	587
Change in estimate and foreign exchange	(157)
Balance, December 31, 2025	6,566
Accretion	252
Change in estimate and foreign exchange	(19)
Balance, March 31, 2026	6,799

18) SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized and Issued Share Capital

On March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Company had common shares issued and outstanding of 109,053,726 shares and 108,044,074 shares, respectively. The authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

On January 5, 2026, the Company completed a consolidation of its common shares on the basis of ten (10) pre-consolidation shares for one (1) post-consolidation share.

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company issued 10,000 common shares pursuant to the exercise of outstanding options and issued 1,000,000 common shares pursuant to an exercise of outstanding warrants.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company completed a bought deal financing for gross proceeds of CDN\$135,000 and issued 38,028,254 common shares at a price of CDN\$3.55 per common share and issued common share purchase warrants of 38,028,254 at a price of CDN\$7.05 and a private placement for gross proceeds of CDN\$3,500 and issued 875,000 common shares at a price of CDN\$4.00 per common share and issued common share purchase warrants of 875,000 at a price of \$7.05 per common share purchase warrant.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company completed a bought deal private placement for gross proceeds of CDN\$8,500 and issued 2,833,300 common shares at a price of \$3.00 and the Company issued 500,000 common shares in relation to the Cerro de Oro Project acquisition agreement with a fair value of CDN\$147,500.

19) WARRANTS

A summary of the Company's warrant activities for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and the year ended December 31, 2025 is presented below:

Description	Number	2025	
		Weighted Average Exercise Price	Expiration Date
Outstanding, December 31, 2024	-	-	
Warrants issued on equity financings	38,903,254	\$7.05	
Issued on settlement of debt	1,000,000	\$4.40	
Outstanding, December 31, 2025	39,903,254	\$6.98	
Warrants exercised	(1,000,000)	\$4.40	
Outstanding, March 31, 2026	38,903,254	\$7.05	
Issue Date	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Expiration Date
September 17, 2025	38,028,254	\$7.05	September 17, 2028
December 8, 2025	875,000	\$7.05	December 8, 2028
Outstanding as at March 31, 2026	38,903,254	\$7.05	

20) SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS – STOCK OPTION PLAN

a) Stock option plan

The Company maintains a stock option plan (the "Plan") for directors, officers, employees, and consultants. The Plan was most recently approved and amended by shareholders on July 16, 2025.

Under the Plan, the maximum number of common shares reserved for issuance is limited to 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding common shares at the time of grant.

Options are granted at an exercise price not less than the market price of the Company's common shares on the date of grant and generally vest over defined service or performance periods.

Share-based compensation expense

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company recognized share-based compensation expense of \$1,131 (December 31, 2025 – \$3,568).

Outstanding stock options

The following table summarizes stock options outstanding as at March 31, 2026:

20) SHARE BASED PAYMENTS – STOCK OPTION PLAN (CONTINUED)

a) Stock option plan (continued)

Grant Date	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price CDN	Expiration	Remaining Years	Number Exercisable Stock Options (thousands)
2021-07-28*	50,000	\$ 7.20	28-Jul-26	0.33	-
23-Feb-23	225,000	\$ 5.10	23-Feb-28	1.90	225,000
23-Feb-23	600,000	\$ 4.50	23-Feb-28	1.90	600,000
06-Feb-25	3,465	\$ 14.40	01-May-27	3.86	3,465
06-Feb-25	13,860	\$ 2.60	03-Apr-28	3.86	13,860
06-Feb-25	555,000	\$ 3.30	06-Feb-30	3.86	620,000
06-Feb-25	80,000	\$ 6.00	06-Feb-30	3.86	80,000
28-Nov-25**	4,830,000	\$ 4.25	28-Nov-28	1.90	1,610,000
	6,357,325	\$ 4.27			3,152,325

* Performance-based vesting: one quarter of the granted options vest upon achievement of each incremental 50,000 ounces of gold production.

** Vesting terms on the grant of options are as follows: 1/3 upon grant; 1/3 on the first anniversary of the grant and the remaining 1/3 on the second anniversary of the grant.

Stock option activity

The following table summarizes stock option activity during the three months ended March 31, 2026 and year ended December 31, 2025:

Description	2025		2024	
	Number (thousands)	Avg. price CDN	Number (thousands)	Avg. price
Outstanding, beginning of period	7,182,325	\$4.6	1,820,000	\$5.80
Granted	-	-	5,530,000	\$4.20
Issued on acquisition	-	-	254,678	\$1.90
Forfeited	(90,000)	(\$4.50)	(55,000)	(\$7.50)
Expired	(725,000)	(\$7.20)	(20,000)	(\$7.50)
Exercised	(10,000)	(\$3.30)		
Outstanding, end of period	6,357,325	\$4.27	7,182,325	\$4.60

20) SHARE BASED PAYMENTS – STOCK OPTION PLAN (CONTINUED)

a) Stock option plan (continued)

Fair value measurement

The Company issued replacement stock options with the acquisition of Sabre of 254,678 at a strike price ranging between CDN\$2.60 and CDN\$20.20 per common share. The fair value of stock options granted is estimated as at the issue date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model including a risk-free rate of 2.63%; expected volatility of 58% - 64% with an expected life of 0.25 years and dividend yield of 0%.

On February 6, 2025, the Company granted 700,000 stock options at a strike price ranging between CDN\$3.30 and CDN\$6.00 per common share. The fair value of stock options granted is estimated as at the issue date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model including a risk-free rate of 2.43%; expected volatility of 64% with an expected life of 5 years and dividend yield of 0%.

On November 28, 2025, the Company granted 4,830,000 stock options at a strike price of CDN\$4.20 per common share. The fair value of stock options granted is estimated as at the issue date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model including a risk-free rate of 2.63%; expected volatility of 59.58% with an expected life of 3 years and dividend yield of 0%.

Share-based compensation expense is recognized over the vesting period and adjusted for forfeitures as they occur.

Options exercised during the period resulted in proceeds of \$7.

b) Restricted Stock Units (“RSU”)

On October 23, 2025, 702,582 RSU’s were granted to an officer and director at a grant price of CDN\$4.27.

The RSU’s shall vest one year after the date of grant and are settleable in cash or common shares of the Company, at the option of the holder, once vested.

A summary of the vesting schedule of the RSUs currently outstanding is outlined in the table below:

	Number of RSU’s
Granted as at March 31, 2026	702,582

21) PROVISIONS FOR ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION

The Company recognizes provisions for asset retirement obligations (“ARO”) in respect of legal and constructive obligations associated with the future decommissioning, reclamation, and closure of its mining operations and related infrastructure.

ARO liabilities are initially measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows required to settle the obligation and are capitalized as part of the related asset’s carrying amount. The liabilities are subsequently increased for the accretion of interest and adjusted for changes in estimates, discount rates, and foreign exchange, in accordance with the Company’s accounting policies.

21) PROVISIONS FOR ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION (CONTINUED)

Movement in asset retirement obligations

The following table summarizes the movement in the ARO provisions during the three month period ended March 31, 2026 and the year December 31, 2025:

Description	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of year	18,333	489
Provision assumed on acquisition of Sabre	-	1,849
Provision assumed on acquisition of Calibre	-	15,436
Accretion expense	173	215
Changes in estimates and foreign exchange	17	343
Balance, end of period	18,523	18,333

Accretion expense is recognized in finance costs in profit or loss.

Nature of obligations

The provision for site reclamation and closure includes estimated costs associated with:

- dismantling and removal of mining and processing facilities;
- remediation and rehabilitation of disturbed land;
- environmental restoration; and
- closure of waste and leach facilities.

The Company's ARO obligations relate to the Pan Mine, Gold Rock project, Copperstone project and the Santana project.

Measurement and key assumptions

The ARO provision represents management's best estimate of the present value of future reclamation and closure costs as at the reporting date.

As at March 31, 2026, the estimated present value of the future rehabilitation liability relating to reclamation and closure activities was \$18,523 (December 31, 2025 – \$18,333).

The Company's restoration provisions at March 31, 2026 for the US projects were calculated as the present value of the expected future cash flows estimated using inflation rates from 1.94% to 2.29% and discount rates of 3.73% to 3.79% depending on the property in which the costs will be incurred and the Mexican project restoration provision were calculated using inflation rate of 5% and discount rate of 7% (2024 – 5.0% and 7%, respectively).

22) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk, and foreign exchange risk.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify, analyze, and manage risks arising from its operations and financing activities. Management monitors these risks and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance and cash flows.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

22) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a counterparty fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Company's credit risk exposure arises primarily from:

- cash and cash equivalents held with financial institutions;
- trade and other receivables; and
- recoverable indirect taxes.

The Company holds its cash and cash equivalents with high-credit-quality financial institutions and does not have significant concentrations of credit risk.

Management considers the Company's exposure to credit risk to be low. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of the Company's financial assets.

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will be unable to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash balances, forecasting cash flows, and monitoring operating and capital expenditure requirements.

The Company may seek additional financing through equity issuances, debt arrangements, or strategic transactions. There can be no assurance that such financing will be available on acceptable terms.

As at March 31, 2026, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$45,532 and other current assets of \$81,931 (December 31, 2025 – \$43,962 and \$86,097 respectively) to settle current liabilities of \$38,565 (December 31, 2025 – \$48,347).

Contractual maturity analysis

The following table summarizes the Company's contractual undiscounted cash flows for financial liabilities as at March 31, 2026:

Description	Contractual cash flow	Less than 1 year	1–3 years	4–5 years	After 5 years
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	15,200	15,200	–	–	–
Lease liabilities	52	52	–	–	–
Deferred revenue	7,734	7,734	–	–	–
Debt	25,650	15,579	10,071	–	–
Total	48,636	38,565	10,071	–	–

c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices will affect the Company's financial performance and cash flows.

Market risk includes commodity price risk and foreign exchange risk.

(i) Commodity price risk

The Company is exposed to commodity price risk primarily through fluctuations in the market price of gold.

Gold prices directly affect revenue, operating margins, and cash flows.

The Company does not currently use derivative instruments to hedge commodity price risk.

22) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

c) Market risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

A 10% increase or decrease in the gold price during the three month period ended March 31, 2026 would have resulted in a change in revenue of approximately \$3,900 (December 31, 2025 – \$478), assuming all other variables remained constant.

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk as it incurs expenditures and holds certain assets and liabilities and expenditures denominated in Canadian dollars and Mexican pesos.

The functional currency of the Company's Canadian parent company is the Canadian dollar. The functional currencies of the Company's foreign subsidiaries are primarily the United States dollar ("USD") and the Mexican peso ("MXN"), reflecting the primary economic environments in which they operate.

As at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Company has not used derivative instruments to hedge foreign exchange risk.

d) Fair value of financial instruments

The Company's financial assets and liabilities include:

- cash and cash equivalents;
- restricted cash;
- accounts receivable;
- accounts payable and accrued liabilities;
- lease liabilities; and
- debt.

Due to their short-term nature, the carrying amounts of cash, receivables, and payables approximate their fair values.

Debt and lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost and their carrying amounts approximate fair value based on prevailing market conditions.

Fair value hierarchy

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement establishes a fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – observable inputs other than quoted prices;
- Level 3 – unobservable inputs.

As at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Company did not have any financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis that required classification within the fair value hierarchy

23) SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company's operating segments are identified based on internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") for the purposes of allocating resources and assessing performance, in accordance with IFRS 8 – Operating Segments. The CODM has been identified as the Company's Chief Executive Officer.

The Company's operations are organized and managed by geographic jurisdiction, reflecting the differing regulatory, operating, and economic environments in which the Company operates. For the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company has identified the following reportable operating segments:

- **United States** – producing and development assets located in Nevada and Arizona;
- **Mexico** – producing and development assets located in Sonora, Zacatecas, and Durango; and
- **Corporate** – corporate administration, financing activities, and strategic oversight conducted primarily in Canada.

The CODM reviews financial information on a consolidated basis and by jurisdiction. Operating segments have been aggregated where they exhibit similar economic characteristics and meet the aggregation criteria under IFRS 8.

Segment performance

Segment performance is evaluated based on operating results before finance costs, income taxes, and non-recurring items. Accounting policies of the operating segments are consistent with those applied in the consolidated financial statements.

The following table summarizes financial information by reportable segment for the three month period ended March 31, 2026:

	United States \$	Mexico	Corporate \$	Total \$
Revenue	39,192	-	-	39,192
Cost of sales	(19,596)	(132)	-	(19,728)
Income (loss) from mine operations	19,596	(132)	-	19,464
Exploration and evaluation (expense)	(871)	(975)	-	1,846
Total assets	204,770	26,609	-	247,423
Capital expenditures	5,167	-	-	5,167

Corporate segment amounts primarily include corporate personnel costs, professional fees, investor relations, share-based compensation, and financing-related expenditures that are not directly attributable to an operating segment.

24) CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to:

- safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern;
- support the development, operation, and expansion of its mineral assets;
- fund exploration, evaluation, and sustaining and growth capital expenditures; and
- maximize long-term shareholder value.

The Company defines capital as equity attributable to shareholders, together with debt and lease liabilities, net of cash and cash equivalents.

Capital structure and monitoring

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in response to changes in economic conditions, operational performance, and strategic opportunities.

In managing capital, the Company may:

- issue new equity instruments;
- refinance or repay existing borrowings;
- adjust capital expenditure programs;
- enter into strategic financing arrangements; and
- dispose of non-core assets.

Management monitors capital on the basis of net debt, working capital, and forecasted cash flows and reviews capital structure regularly in conjunction with the Board of Directors.

Capital requirements and compliance

Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements, other than those of the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSXV").

The TSXV requires listed issuers to maintain adequate financial resources, defined as the greater of:

- \$50,000; and
- an amount sufficient to maintain operations and cover general and administrative expenditures for a minimum period of six months.

As at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, management believes that the Company was in compliance with these requirements.

Financing strategy

The Company's capital requirements are driven primarily by:

- operating and sustaining capital at producing assets;
- development and expansion activities;
- exploration and evaluation programs; and
- debt servicing and lease obligations.

The Company funds its capital requirements through a combination of operating cash flows, equity financings, debt arrangements, and strategic transactions, including royalty, streaming, and prepayment facilities.

25) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is committed to certain obligations under normal course of operations including capital expenditure commitments and contractual commitments.

The Company is subject to certain contractual commitments and contingent liabilities arising in the ordinary course of business.

a) Precious metals purchase and sale agreement

On October 3, 2025, the Company entered into a Master Purchase and Sale Agreement with Auramet International ("Auramet"). Under this agreement, the Company agreed to sell precious metals produced by its subsidiaries, to Auramet on a spot, forward, in-process, or prepayment basis for a three year period or until delivery obligations have been met.

The agreement remains in effect in accordance with its contractual terms.

b) Call option agreement

On September 29, 2025, the Company converted the previous call option agreement, with Auramet into a gold forward sales agreement to sell a total of 7,000 ounces of gold at a strike price of up to US\$2,175 until November 30, 2026. This agreement replaced the previous agreement entered into in October 2023. As of December 31, 2025, the commitment was to deliver 6,000 ounces of gold outstanding against the agreement. As at March 31, 2026, no liability has been recognized in respect of this arrangement, as the Company continues to meet its contractual obligations. As of May 25, 2026, the commitment has been settled

c) Royalty agreements

The Company is subject to certain royalty obligations and annual lease payments on its projects.

The Company is required to make certain advanced royalty payments for the Pan and Gold Rock projects. The advanced royalty is recorded within other current assets based on expected production from the property over the next twelve months and the remaining amount is recorded within other long-term assets. The advanced royalties balance will be expensed through production costs based on actual gold or equivalent production from the projects.

Pan Mine

On or before January 5th of each year, the Company must pay an advance minimum royalty to Osisko Mining (USA) Inc. of the greater of \$0.06 million or the dollar equivalent of 174 ounces of gold valued by the average of the London afternoon fixing price for the third calendar quarter preceding January 1st of the year in which the payment is due. The minimum advance royalties are creditable against the sliding scale production royalty at Pan of between 2.5% and 4%. At March 31, 2026 the Pan Project advance royalty balance is \$600.

25) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Gold Rock Project

Osisko Mining (USA)

Annually the Company must pay an advance minimum royalty of the greater of \$0.06 million or the dollar equivalent of 108.05 ounces of gold valued by the average of the London afternoon fixing for the third calendar quarter proceeding January 1st of the year in which the payment is due.

- The minimum advance royalties will be creditable against a sliding scale net smelter returns (“NSR”) production royalty between 2.5% and 4%.
- The Company must incur a minimum of \$0.06 million per year for work expenditures, including claim maintenance fees, during the term of the mining lease.

Anchor Minerals, Inc.

- Annually the Company must pay an advanced minimum royalty of approximately \$0.07 million.
- The minimum advanced royalties will be credited against a 3.5% NSR production royalty.

Messers. Peart, Pankow and Jordan of Nevada

- The Company is required to make annual minimum royalty payments of \$0.10 million for years 2019 and thereafter.
- The minimum advance royalty payments may be creditable against a production NSR sliding scale royalty ranging from 2% to 6% based on the gold price.

Copperstone Project

The Company is party to a Gold Purchase Sale Agreement with Star Royalties (“the GPSA”) which has a fixed gold entitlement at 4% of the payable gold ounces produced. The Company is also subject to a gross royalty of 1.5% of the gold ounces produced and a requirement to pay an annual lease payment of \$40.

Mexico Projects

The Company is also party to royalty agreements in respect of certain mineral properties. In particular, Osisko Gold Royalties holds a 3% net smelter return royalty on the Santana property. Royalties are recognized as cost of sales when the related production is sold. The Company is also party to a royalty agreement with Auramet International which holds a 1% net smelter return royalty on the Cerro de Oro project.

d) Management agreements

As at March 31, 2026, the Company is party to employment and management agreements with certain key management personnel. These agreements do not include minimum service commitments but contain clauses requiring additional payments of approximately \$3,059 upon the occurrence of certain events, including a change of control or termination. As no triggering event had occurred as at March 31, 2026, no provision has been recognized in respect of these arrangements.

25) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

e) Legal and regulatory matters

The Company is subject to various claims, lawsuits and other complaints arising in the ordinary course of business. The Company records provisions for losses when claims become probable and the amounts are estimable. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be determined, it is the opinion of management that the final resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, operations or liquidity. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company's Mexican subsidiary Corex Global S de RL de SV received a notice for an imposed fine of 8,299 MXN (approximately \$460 at March 31, 2026) from the Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare on the basis of misunderstood terms of the employment relationship between its subcontractor and the Company. The Company believes this is a frivolous fine and has submitted the claim against the Federal Court of Administrative Justice to be resolved. As such, no amounts were accrued. In April 2025, the Company deposited a cash guarantee of the imposed fine plus inflation of 632 MXN (approximately \$35) with the Ministry of Finance of Sonora State which would be returned with the dismissal of the fine.

26) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Related parties include members of the Board of Directors, executive officers, close family members of such individuals, and entities controlled or significantly influenced by these individuals.

Key management personnel include directors and senior executives who have authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company.

a) Key Management compensation

The remuneration of directors and key management personnel for the three months ended March 31, 2026 was as follows:

Description	2026 \$	2025 \$
Aggregate compensation	263	119
Share-based compensation	1,041	619
Total compensation	1,304	738

Short-term employee benefits include salaries, bonuses, and directors' fees. Share-based compensation is recognized in accordance with the Company's share-based payment policy.

b) Related party balances

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities at March 31, 2026 was an amount of \$269 (December 31, 2025 – \$824) payable to key management personnel in respect of outstanding compensation and reimbursable expenses. These amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and due on demand.

Included in accounts receivable at March 31, 2026 was an amount of \$64 (December 31, 2025 – \$64) due from key management personnel. These amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and due on demand.

27) CHANGE IN PRESENTATION CURRENCY

For comparative purposes, the consolidated statements of financial position as at January 1, 2025 and December 31, 2025, consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss and consolidated statements of cash flows include adjustments to reflect the change in the accounting policy resulting from the change in presentation currency to the USD.

The amounts previously reported in CAD as shown below have been translated into USD at January 1, 2025 and December 31, 2025 exchange rates. The effect of the translation is as follows:

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at January 1, 2025

	Previously reported (CAD \$)	Translated (USD \$)
Current assets	26,654	19,457
Total assets	47,432	34,625
Current liabilities	11,143	8,134
Total liabilities	14,006	10,224

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at December 31, 2025

	Previously reported (CAD \$)	Translated (USD \$)
Current assets	178,259	130,059
Total assets	335,278	244,622
Current liabilities	66,262	48,347
Total liabilities	140,462	102,483

Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Loss Year ended December 31, 2025

	Previously reported (CAD \$)	Translated (USD \$)
Net loss	(42,633)	(30,585)
Currency translation adjustment	(7,982)	(5,726)
Comprehensive loss	(50,615)	(36,311)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Year ended December 31, 2025

	Previously reported (CAD \$)	Translated (USD \$)
Used in operating activities	(4,601)	(3,301)
Effect of currency translation	260	186
Cash, end of year	60,255	43,962

28) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- a) On May 19, 2025, the Company announced that it has provided its intent to exercise its option to repurchase a portion of the net smelter return royalty equal to 0.75% on the Cerro de Oro project from Auramet Capital Partners, L.P. for a purchase price of US\$4.5 million. In connection with the Royalty repurchase the Company entered into an agreement with Auramet whereby the US\$4.5 million purchase price will be satisfied through the issuance of 895,572 common shares of the Company at a price of C\$6.91 per share. The repurchase was completed on May 22, 2026 with the issuance of the shares.